Synthesis, Characterization and Biological Evaluation Of Some Novel 2-[(5-Aryl)-4,5-Dihydro-1*H*-Pyrazole-3-Yl]-1H-Benzimidazoles As Potential Antimicrobial Agents

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ABSTRACT: Various novel 2-[(5-aryl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazole-3-yl]-1H-benzimidazoles (**6a-h**) have been synthesized from 1-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-3-(substituted phenyl) prop-2-en-1-ones (**5a-h**) by suing different ophenylenediamines (**1a-d**) and lactic acid **2** as starting materials and by involving 2-(a-hydroxy)ethyl benzimidazoles (**3a-d**) and 2-acetyl benzimidazoles (**4a-d**) as intermediates. The chemical structures of these compounds have been established by IR, ¹H-NMR and Mass spectral data. The newly synthesized compounds were screened for their ability towards antimicrobial activity.

KEY WORDS: Pyrazoles, benzimidazolines, antimicrobial activity

I. INTRODUCTION:

The resistance to antimicrobial drugs is widespread, the development of new antimicrobial agents and understanding their mechanism of action are becoming vital nowadays. The incorporation of the benzimidazole nucleus is an important synthetic strategy in studies of antimicrobial drug discovery. Benzimidazoles have been an important pharmacophores and privileged structures in medicinal chemistry, encompassing a diverse range of biological activities including anticancer, antihythemic, antihythemic, antiulcer, anthelmintical, inotropic, antihistamine, antifungal, anti-inflammatory. However many strategies are available for benzimidazole synthesis. 10-14 The exploitation of a simple molecule with different functionalities for the synthesis of heterocyclics is a worthwhile contribution in the heterocyclic chemistry. The pyrazoles are prominent nitrogen-containing heterocyclics and, therefore, various procedures have been worked out for their synthesis. Numerous pyrazoles and their derivatives have been found to possess useful bioactivity such as antihyperglycemic, analgesic, anti-inflammatory, antipyretic, antibacterial, hypoglycemic, sedative-hypnotic activity, 16-22 antimicrobial, 23 central nervous system 4 and immunosuppressive. 25

II. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION:

The therapeutic importance of these rings prompted us to develop selective molecules in which a substituent could be arranged in a pharmacophoric pattern to display higher pharmacological activities. Thus we have designed and synthesized a series of novel 2-[(5-aryl)-4,5-dihydro-1H-pyrazole-3-yl]-1H-benzimidazoles (6a-h) in good to excellent yields by using commercially available o-phenylenediamines (1a-d) and lactic acid 2 (Scheme 1). The synthetic route leading to the title compounds is summarized in scheme 1. The initial intermediate, 2-(α-hydroxy)ethyl benzimidazoles (3a-d) was prepared through cyclization between ophenylenediamines (1a-d) and lactic acid 2 in HCl solution under reflux for 25-26 h. The compound 3a-d was turned into the intermediate, 2-acetyl benzimidazoles (4a-d) on oxidation with K₂Cr₂O₇ in presence of H₂SO₄ at ambient temperature on uniform stirring for 4-5. The final intermediate, 1-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-3-(substituted phenyl) prop-2-en-1-ones (5a-h) has been prepared from the reaction between compound 4a-d and different aromatic aldehydes in alkaline medium (60% KOH) by using ethanol solvent on constant stirring at room temperature for 3-4 h. The title compounds, 2-[(5-aryl)-4,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-3-yl]-1*H*-benzimidazoles (6a-h) have been prepared from the subsequent ring closure reaction of compound 5a-h with hydrazine hydrate in acetic acid at reflux temperature for 5-6 h. The chemical structures of all the newly synthesized compounds were confirmed by their IR, ¹H-NMR and mass spectral data. Further the compounds **6a-h** were used to evaluate their antimicrobial activity.

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Scheme 1: (i) HCl, reflux, 25-26 h, (ii) K₂Cr₂0₇, H₂SO₄, 4-5 h, (iii) EtOH, 60% KOH, 3-4 h, (iv) AcOH, reflux, 5-6h.

1/3/4a-d R = a) H, b) 4-CH₃, c) 4-Cl; d) 4-NO₂. **5/6a-h** R= a) H, b) H, c) H, d) 4-CH₃, e) 4-CH₃, f) 4-Cl, g) 4-Cl, h) 4-NO₂.

5/6a-h R'= a) H, b) 4-OCH₃, c) 3,4-OCH₃, d) H, e) 4-C₂H₅, f) 4-C₂H₅, g) 4-NO₂, h) 4-C₂H₅.

Table 1: Antimicrobial activity of 2-[(5-aryl)-4,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-3-yl]-1*H*-benzimidazoles (**6a-h**)

Compound	Antibacterial activity				Antifungal activity	
	B. subtilus	S. aureus	E. coli	K. pneumoniae	F. oxysporum	A. niger
6a	05	05	05	05	02	02
6b	13	13	09	10	05	05
6c	15	15	13	12	04	03
6d	13	15	13	13	05	04
6e	10	09	10	08	03	03
6f	13	13	08	07	04	03
6g	13	15	09	11	05	05
6h	09	09	10	05	03	03
Streptomycin	16	16	16	16	-	-
Fluconazole	-	-	-	-	06	06

ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY

The *in vitro* antibacterial activity of the newly synthesized compounds was evaluated against two representative gram-positive bacteria viz., B. subtilus and S. aureus, two gram-negative bacteria viz., E. coli and K. pneumoniae through 'Cup-plate method' using Streptomycin as standard drug by using DMSO as solvent and these results were confirmed by an experiment run at a concentration of 40 μ g/ml (Table 1). It has been observed that the compounds exhibited interesting biological activity however, with a degree of variation. Among all the synthesized compounds, Compound **6c** against B. subtilus and S. aureus, compounds **6c**, **6d** and **6g** against S. aureus were determined to be of excellent activity. Compounds **6b**, **6d**, **6f** and **6g** against B. subtilus, compounds **6b** and **6f** towards S. aureus, the tested compounds **6c** and **6d** against E. coli and the compound **6d** against E. pneumoniae were exhibited intermediate activity. While the remaining compounds showed moderate to low activity against all the organisms employed under the conditions of this experiment.

ANTIFUNGAL ACTIVITY

The newly prepared compounds were also screened for growth inhibition against two fungal organisms namely F. oxysporum and A. niger by using Fluconazole as standard drug with same method and solvent. The activity of the tested compounds is listed in Table 1. At 40 μ g/ml concentration, Compounds **6b**, **6d** and **6g** showed the greatest biological activity against F. oxysporum since the growth was almost completely inhibited during the entire incubation period and compounds **6b** and **6g** are most active against A. niger. Compounds **6c** and **6f** showed pronounced growth inhibition against F. oxysporum and compound **6d** against A. niger. The remaining compounds were moderate to less active.

EXPERIMENTAL

All reagents and solvents were used as purchased without further purification. Melting points were determined on a Fisher-Johns melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. Crude products were purified by

www.ijpsi.org 28 | Page

column chromatography on silica gel of 60-120 mesh. IR spectra were obtained on a Perkin Elmer BX serried FTIR 5000 spectrometer using KBr pellet. NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian 300 MHz spectrometer for ¹H NMR. The chemical shifts were reported as ppm down field using TMS as an internal standard. Mass spectra were recorded on a VG-Micromass 7070H spectrometer operating at 70 eV.

Synthesis of 2-(α-hydroxy)ethyl benzimidazoles (3a-d)

o-Phenylenediamine (1a-d) (0.01 mol) was treated with lactic acid (2) (0.01 mol) in presence of 4N hydrochloric acid (5 mL) and refluxed on water both for 24 h. After completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled and neutralized with NH₃ solution to get solid which is separated through filter and recrystallized from absolute ethanol to afford 3a-d in pure form.

Synthesis of 2-acetyl benzimidazoles (4a-d)

To a solution of 2-(α -hydroxy)ethyl benzimidazole (**3a-d**) (0.01 mol) in dil.H₂SO₄ (5%, 40 mL) was drop wise added the solution of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ (0.15 mol) and aqueous H_2SO_4 (25%, 80 mL) with constant stirring at room temperature over a period of 20 min. Further the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. After completion of the reaction, (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture neutralized with NH₃ solution (1:1) and formed solid was filtered, washed with water and dried, recrystallized from ethyl acetate to achieve **4a-d** in pure form.

Synthesis of 1-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-3-(substituted phenyl) prop-2-en-1-ones (5a-h)

2-Acetyl benzimidazole (**4a-d**) (0.01 mol) and aromatic benzaldehyde (0.01 mol) were mixed in ethanol (20 mL) and added 60% aq. KOH (5 mL) and the mixture was constantly stirred at room temperature for 4 h. After completion of reaction (monitored by TLC) the reaction mixture was poured into ice cold water and neutralized with dil HCl solution to get solid which is recrystallized from ethanol to get **5a-d** in pure form.

Synthesis of 2-[(5-aryl)-4,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazole-3-yl]-1*H*-benzimidazoles (6a-h)

1-(1*H*-Benzimidazol-2-yl)-3-(substituted phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ones (**5a-h**) (0.01 mol) and hydrazine hydrate (0.04 mol) was dissolved in glacial acetic acid (10 ml) and refluxed the reaction mixture on water both for 5-6 h. After completion of reaction (monitored by TLC) the reaction mixture was poured into ice cold water and neutralized with ammonia solution. The formed solid was filtered, dried and recrystallized from ethyl acetate to obtain compounds **6a-h** in pure form.

- **1-(1***H***-benzo[***d***]imidazol-2-yl)-1-ethanol (3a)** Yellow solid, yield 90%, mp 180-182 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 2971, 1623, 1458, 1215, 1103. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 10.30 (1H, bs), 7.52 (2H, m, J=7.8 Hz), 7.12 (2H, m, J=7.6), 4.8 (1H, s), 3.05 (1H, q, J=7.4 Hz), 1.62 (3H, d, J=7.2 Hz). MS m/z: 163 (M⁺+1).
- **1-(5-methyl-1***H***-benzo[***d***]imidazol-2-yl)-1-ethanol (3b)** Dark yellow solid, yield 90%, mp 160-162 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3038, 2701, 1629, 1449, 1316, 1101. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 9.61 (1H, bs), 7.32 (3H, m, J=8.0 Hz), 4.85 (1H, s), 3.05 (1H, q, J=7.8 Hz), 1.62 (3H, d, J=7.4 Hz). MS m/z: 177 (M⁺+1).
- **1-(5-chloro-1***H***-benzo**[\bar{d}]imidazol-2-yl)-1-ethanol (3c) Brown solid, yield 65%, mp 171-173 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 2981, 1623, 1444, 1210, 1082. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 12.50 (1H, s), 7.55 (2H, d, J=7.2 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 4.91 (1H, m, J=6.8 Hz), 1.52 (3H, d, J=7.0 Hz). MS m/z: 197 (M⁺+1).
- **1-(5-nitro-1***H***-benzo[***d***]imidazol-2-yl)-1-ethanol (3d)** Brown solid, yield 75%, mp 148-150 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3342, 3215, 3024, 2865, 2240, 1420, 1248. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 8.63 (1H, s), 7.91 (1H, d, J=7.0 Hz), 7.76 (1H, d, J=7.2 Hz), 6.64 (1H, s), 6.59 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 5.16 (1H, m, J=7.6 Hz), 1.77 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz). MS m/z: 208 (M⁺+1).
- **1-(1***H***-benzo[***d***]imidazol-2-yl)-1-ethanone (4a)** Yellow solid, yield 78%, mp 189-191 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3289, 3059, 3015, 1674, 1580, 1445, 1235, 1147. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 13.02 (1H, s), 7.85 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.52 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.32 (2H, t, J=7.4 Hz), 2.74 (3H, s). MS m/z: 161 (M⁺+1).
- **1-(5-methyl-1***H***-benzo[***d***]imidazol-2-yl)-1-ethanone (4b)** Yellow solid, yield 80%, mp 170-172 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3365, 2919, 2852, 1693. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 11.23 (1H, s), 7.65 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.48 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.24 (1H, s), 3.42 (3H, s), 2.45 (3H, s). MS m/z: 174 (M⁺+1).
- **1-(5-chloro-1***H***-benzo**[*d*]**imidazol-2-yl)-1-ethanone (4c)** Yellow solid, yield 65%, mp 185-187 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3294, 3066, 3021, 1677, 1574, 1335, 1219, 1060. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 10.70 H, s), 7.82 (1H, t, J=7.6 Hz), 7.51 (1H, m, J=7.4 Hz), 7.30 (1H, m, J=7.2 Hz), 2.81 (3H, s). MS m/z: 195 (M⁺+1).
- **1-(5-nitro-1***H***-benzo**[*d*]**imidazol-2-yl)-1-ethanone (4d)** Pale yellow solid, yield 70%, mp 155-157 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3360, 3040, 2865, 2160, 1720, 1356, 1240. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 8.91 (1H, s), 8.77 (1H, s), 8.13 (1H, d, J=7.2 Hz), 8.09 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 2.79 (3H, s). MS m/z: 206 (M⁺+1).
- (*E*)-1-(1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)-3-phenyl-2-propen-1-one (5a) Pale yellow solid, yield 69%, mp 162-164 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3276, 2856, 1589, 1487, 1238. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 8.77 (1H, s), 8.11 (2H, d, *J*=8.8 Hz),

- 7.76 (2H, dd, J=8.4 Hz), 7.43 (2H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 7.23 (2H, dd, J=7.8 Hz), 6.90 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz). MS m/z: 249 (M^+ +1).
- (*E*)-1-(1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)-3-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-2-propen-1-one (5b) Dark yellow solid, yield 78%, mp 175-177 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3282, 2848, 1601, 1508, 1245. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 12.28 (1H, s), 7.51-7.02 (8H, m, J=8.6 Hz), 6.12-5.64 (1H, dd, J=8.2 Hz), 3.82 (3H, s), 3.44-3.38 (1H, dd, J=8.2 Hz). MS m/z: 279 (M⁺+1).
- (*E*)-1-(1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)-3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-propen-1-one (5c) Yellow solid, yield 72%, mp 210-212 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3232, 1655, 1612, 1545, 1253, 1177, 833. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 8.77 (1H, s), 8.11 (2H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.76 (2H, dd, J=8.0 Hz), 7.59 (1H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 7.13 (1H, s), 6.90 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 6.82 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 6.79 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 3.80 (6H, s). MS m/z: 309 (M⁺+1).
- (*E*)-1-(5-methyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)-3-phenyl-2-propen-1-one (5d) Yellow solid, yield 72%, mp 178-180 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3245, 2925, 1662, 1624, 1564, 1243, 1210, 846. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 8.76 (1H, s), 7.71 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.66 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.56 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.43 (2H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 7.39 (1H, dd, J=7.8 Hz), 7.36 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.23 (1H, dd, J=8.0 Hz), 6.94 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 2.43 (3H, s). MS m/z: 263 (M⁺+1).
- (*E*)-3-(4-ethylphenyl)-1-(5-methyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)-2-propen-1-one (5e) Yellow solid, yield 65%, mp 168-170 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3230, 2932, 1654, 1612, 1572, 1234, 1222, 864. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 8.77 (1H, s), 7.73 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.61 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 7.39 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.26 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.20 (2H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 6.94 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 2.47 (2H, q, J=8.0 Hz), 2.43 (3H, s), 1.37 (3H, t, J=7.2 Hz). MS m/z: 291 (M⁺+1).
- (*E*)-1-(5-chloro-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)-3-(4-ethylphenyl)-2-propen-1-one (5*f*) Brown solid, yield 55%, mp 173-175 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3255, 2956, 1674, 1635, 1594, 1256, 1243, 884. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 8.75 (1H, s), 7.88 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 7.60 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.58 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 7.26 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.21 (2H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 6.94 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 2.47 (3H, q, J=7.2 Hz), 1.37 (3H, t, J=7.8 Hz). MS: m/z 311.7 (M⁺+1).
- (*E*)-1-(5-chloro-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-2-propen-1-one (5g) Red solid, yield 45%, mp 212-214 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3243, 2946, 1663, 1644, 1584, 1236, 1254, 906. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, δ ppm): 8.77 (1H, s), 8.07 (2H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.89 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.62 (2H, s), 7.58 (1H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 6.94 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz). MS m/z: 328 (M⁺+1).
- (*E*)-3-(4-ethylphenyl)-1-(5-nitro-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-yl)-2-propen-1-one (5h) Brown solid, yield 53%, mp 168-170 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3234, 2941, 1668, 1654, 1576, 1246, 1263, 879. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 9.09 (1H, s), 8.75 (1H, s), 8.30 (1H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 8.29 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.61 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.26 (2H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 7.20 (2H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 6.90 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 2.47 (2H, q, J=8.2 Hz), 1.37 (3H, t, J=7.8 Hz). MS m/z: 322 (M⁺+1).
- **2-[5-(phenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1***H***-pyrazol-3-yl]-1***H***-benzimidazol (6a) Brown solid, yield 72%, mp 158-160 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3374, 3034, 2224, 1558, 1432, 846. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) \delta: 7.92 (1H, s), 7.90 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.61 (2H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.50 (2H, dd, J=8.2 Hz), 7.41 (2H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.24 (1H, dd, J=8.0 Hz), 7.17 (2H, dd, J=7.6 Hz), 4.90 (1H, m, J=8.0 Hz), 3.43 (2H, d, J=7.4 Hz). MS: m/z 263.3 (M⁺+1).**
- **2-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1***H***-pyrazol-3-yl]-1***H***-benzimidazol (6b)** Orange solid, yield 74%, mp 169-171 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3408, 3016, 2942, 2136, 1574, 1426, 1244, 846. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 7.92 (1H, s), 7.90 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.50 (2H, dd, J=8.0 Hz), 7.41 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.18 (2H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 6.86 (2H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 4.90 (1H, m, J=7.6 Hz), 3.43 (2H, d, J=7.2 Hz), 3.33 (3H, s). MS m/z: 293 (M⁺+1).
- **2-[5-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1***H***-pyra-zol-3-yl]-1***H***-benzimidazol (6c)** Yellow solid, yield 69%, mp 154-156 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3374, 3015, 2932, 2124, 1586, 1374, 1124, 932. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 7.92 (1H, s), 7.90 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.50 (2H, dd, J=8.0 Hz), 7.41 (2H, d, J=7.2 Hz), 7.05 (1H, s), 6.95 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 6.67 (1H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 4.90 (1H, m, J=7.4 Hz), 3.70 (6H, s), 3.43 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz). MS m/z: 323 (M⁺+1).
- **2-(5-phenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1***H***-pyrazol-3-yl]-5-methyl1***H***-benzimidazol (6d) Pale yellow, yield 70%, mp 146-148 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3344, 3024, 2932, 2124, 1565, 1487, 876. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) \delta: 7.92 (1H, s), 7.90 (1H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.61 (2H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.24 (1H, dd, J=8.4 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.17 (2H, dd, J=7.4 Hz), 7.12 (1H, d, J=7.2 Hz), 7.09 (1H, s), 4.90 (1H, m, J=8.0 Hz), 3.43 (2H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 2.43 (3H, s). MS m/z: 277 (M⁺+1).**
- **2-[5-(4-ethylphenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1***H*-**pyrazol-3-yl]-5-methyl-1***H*-**benzimidazol** (**6e**) Red solid, yield 68%, mp 172-174 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3412, 3018, 2948, 2172, 1588, 1424, 968. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 7.92 (1H, s), 7.90 (1H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.12 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.09 (1H, s), 7.01 (2H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 4.90 (1H, m, J=7.8 Hz), 3.43 (2H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 2.43 (3H, s), 2.39 (2H, q, J=7.8 Hz), 1.06 (3H, t, J=8.0 Hz). MS m/z: 304 (M⁺+1).
- **2-[5-(4-ethylphenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1***H***-pyrazol-3-yl]-5-chloro-1***H***-benzimidazol (6f) Pale yellow solid, yield 71%, mp 144-146 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3422, 3014, 2878, 2116, 1532, 1432, 1042, 784. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 7.92**

(1H, s), 7.90 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.38 (1H, s), 7.36 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.34 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.28 (1H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 4.90 (1H, m, J=8.2 Hz), 3.43 (2H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 2.39 (2H, q, J=7.8 Hz), 1.06 (3H, t, J=7.4 Hz). MS m/z: 325 (M⁺+1).

2-[5-(4-nitrophenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazol-3-yl]-5-chloro-1*H*-benzimidazol (**6g**) Orange solid, yield 66%, mp 174-176 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3420, 3026, 2118, 1582, 1432, 892. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 7.92 (1H, s), 7.90 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.88 (2H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 7.64 (2H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.38 (1H, s), 7.36 (1H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 7.28 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 4.90 (1H, m, J=8.0 Hz), 3.43 (2H, d, J=8.2 Hz). MS m/z: 342 (M⁺+1).

2-[5-(4-ethylphenyl)-4,5-dihydro-1*H*-**pyrazol-3-yl]-5-nitro-1***H*-**benzimidazol (6h)** Yellow solid, yield 66%, mp 160-162 °C. IR (KBr) cm⁻¹: 3416, 3034, 2948, 2124, 1586, 1430, 1224, 886. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 8.31 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 8.26 (1H, s), 7.92 (1H, s), 7.90 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.01 (2H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 4.90 (1H, m, J=8.2 Hz), 3.43 (2H, d, J=7.2 Hz), 2.39 (2H, q, J=8.0 Hz), 1.06 (3H, t, J=7.4 Hz). MS m/z: 336 (M $^{+}$ +1).

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